Northeast Avalon Arena Regional Board Inc. Financial Statements December 31, 2023

December 31, 2023

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Coombs & Associates

Chartered Professional Accountants

Roger Coombs & Associates Professional Corporation Roger K. Coombs, CPA, CA

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Northeast Avalon Arena Regional Board Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Northeast Avalon Arena Regional Board Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cashflows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Northeast Avalon Arena Regional Board Inc. as at December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting standards for not for profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the arena in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting standards for not for profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing these financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the arena's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the arena or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the arena's financial reporting process.

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Independent Auditors' Report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the arena's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the arena's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the arena to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Paradise, Newfoundland and Labrador March 07, 2024



Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 30,512 \$	67,244
Accounts receivable (Note 2)	99,230	84,399
Inventory	15,379	20,640
Prepaids	-	3,000
	145,121	175,283
Restricted cash	82,169	112,922
Property and equipment (Note 3)	302,080	127,296
	\$ 529,370 \$	415,501
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Bank indebtedness (Note 4)	\$ 35,000 \$	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)	125,268	108,403
Deferred revenue	5,600	1,000
Current portion of long term debt (Note 6)	8,927	60,000
Severance payable	 54,466	87,684
	229,261	257,087
Long term debt (Note 6)	42,322	
Other long term liabilities (Note 7)	 134,956	28,433
	406,539	285,520
	400.004	100 001
Net assets (Note 8)	 122,831	129,981
	\$ 529,370 \$	415,501
Approved on Behalf of the Board:		
, Chair		
, Treasurer		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022	!
Revenue			
Rental income	\$ 653,0		,162
Events revenue	233,3	98 184	,449
CEBA debt forgiveness	20,0	100	-
Advertising revenue	16,5	38 20	,975
Sale of goods (Note 9)	12,8	40 16	,321
General skate	5,0)29 6	,148
Interest income	4,4	180 1	,573
Other revenue	1,1	152 1	,419
COVID related Grants		- 17	,958
	946,4	1 46 855	,005
Operating expenses			
Salaries and wages	391,€		5,536
Heat and light	191,2		3,252
Repairs and maintenance	125,2		3,956
Insurance	48,7		3,851
Direct costs - events	45,8		3,892
Snow removal	29,0		3,524
Other operating expenses	20,4),212
Professional fees	14,1		3,750
Telephone	11,0		1,025
Interest and bank charges	10,6		2,100
Office expenses	10,4		3,138
Severance	9,7	751 12	2,161
Advertising and promotion	5,6		1,354
Bad debt expense	5,7	117 3	3,283
Professional development	3,0	622 4	1,074
Garbage removal	2,9	915 6	5,163
Interest on long term debt	2,8	B59	
Travel expenses		119	
	928,	150 831	1,271
Income from operations			3,734
Depreciation	(25,	146) (14	1,417
Net (loss) income	\$ (7,	150)\$ 9	9,317

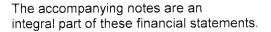
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 129,981 \$	120,664
Net (loss) income	(7,150)	9,317
Net assets, end of year	\$ 122,831 \$	129,981

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (7,150)\$	9,317
Depreciation	25,146	14,417
	17,996	23,734
Changes in other operating activities:		
Accounts receivable	(14,831)	5,637
Inventory	5,260	(7,772
Prepaids	3,000	(1,196
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	16,866	24,803
Deferred revenue	4,600	1,000
Severance payable	(33,218)	12,161
TOTAL CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(327)	58,367
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to property and equipment	(218,084)	(41,376)
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	30,753	(7,419
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(187,331)	(48,795)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from long term debt	59,166	-
Proceeds from deferred contributions	124,677	-
Repayments of long term debt	(67,917)	-
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	115,926	-
Net increase in cash	(71,732)	9,572
Cash (bank indebtedness), beginning of year	 67,244	57,672
Cash (bank indebtedness), end of year	\$ (4,488) \$	67,244
Cash consist of the following:		
Cash	\$ 30,512 \$	67,244
Bank indebtedness	(35,000)	_
	\$ (4,488) \$	67,244





Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of business

Northeast Avalon Arena Regional Board Inc.(NEAA) is a partnership between the municipalities of Torbay, Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove, Pouch Cove and Flatrock (the Partners) to provide a NHL regulation-size ice surface with seating capacity for approximately 1,250 spectators and a walking track. The regional facility includes a heated spectator area, six dressing rooms, offices and equipment room. The arena supports hockey, ice skating and various recreational uses, as well as provides a site to host special events, concerts or trade shows. This asset is not recorded on the books of the NEAA as it is jointly owned by its partners.

NEAA was incorporated under the laws of Newfoundland and Labrador as a not for profit organization and as such is exempt from income tax by virtue of Paragraph 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act.

The Board is responsible for the operations of the facility which is owned by the Partners.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not for profit organizations.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Property and equipment

Property equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided for using various methods over the estimated useful lives as follows for the major classes of assets:

Furniture and equipment	20%
Computers	30%
Shed	4%
Leasehold improvements	5 yr SL

In the event that facts and circumstances indicate that the arena's long-lived assets may be impaired, an evaluation of recoverability would be performed. Such an evaluation entails comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write down to market value or discounted cash flow value is required. The arena considers that no circumstances exist that would require such an evaluation.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Fund accounting

The arena follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Fifty percent of net profit at the end of each fiscal year will be allocated equally between the restricted funds. The arena has the following funds:

Unrestricted fund

The unrestricted fund accounts for the arenas administrative and operating activities.

Restricted funds

Operating contingency fund

The operating fund contingency is set up to cover one time emergency operational deficiencies.

Employee severance fund

Employee severance fund is set up to cover future employee severance obligations.

Deferred maintenance fund

Deferred maintenance fund is set up to cover future capital expenditures to the envelope of the arena building.

Severance pay

The arena has a severance pay plan under which the arena agrees to pay employees with a minimum of seven (7) years of service one weeks salary for each year of service upon termination. Employees discharged for just cause, whose discharge is not overturned through the arbitration process, shall not be entitled to severance pay.

Financial instruments

The carrying values of assets and liabilities approximate their fair values. The fair value of assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position are not considered to be materially different from their carrying value.

Revenue recognition

Sales revenue is recognized in accordance with industry practice which is when all the risks and benefits of ownership of products have been transferred to customers.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Deferred contributions

Property and equipment grants are accounted for as deferred grants and are amortized on the same basis as the depreciation of the related asset.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The arena makes estimates with respect to the collectibility of accounts receivable, the valuation of inventory and the estimated useful lives of property and equipment. Actual results could differ from those estimates and may have an impact on future periods.

2. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 96,367 \$	91,374
Land deposit	 500	500
	96,867	91,874
Other	7,489	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,126)	(7,475)
	\$ 99,230 \$	84,399

3. Property and equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

			2023	2022	
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Net Book Value	
Furniture and equipment	\$ 804,134	\$ 525,027 \$	279,107 \$	103,974	
Leasehold improvements	309,682	309,682	-	-	
Shed	33,091	10,118	22,973	23,322	
Computers	 3,531	3,531	•	-	
	\$ 1,150,438	\$ 848,358 \$	302,080 \$	127,296	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

4. Bank indebtedness

Bank indebtedness consists of a \$ 115,000 line of credit payable on demand bearing interest at 8.91%. The balance at the end of the year was \$35,000; (2022 - \$NIL).

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Trade	\$ 110,590 \$	71,563
HST payable	6,964	27,616
Employee deductions payable	7,714	9,224
	\$ 125,268 \$	108,403

6. Long-term debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	2023	2022
The CEBA loan is unsecured, guaranteed by the Government of Canada, non-interest bearing and if repaid prior to January 1, 2024, \$20,000 of the principal is forgivable. The loan was repaid during the year.	\$ - \$	60,000
RBC loan, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$980 including interest, interest at 5.97%, matures January 2029, unsecured.	51,249	-
	51,249	60,000
Less current portion	(8,927)	(60,000)
	\$ 42,322 \$	-
Principal repayments on long-term debt over the next five years are as follows: 2024		8,927
2025	\$	9,475
2026	\$	10,057
2027	\$	10,674
2028	\$	11,329
	\$	50,462

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

7. Deferred contributions

Deferred Government contributions related to property and equipment include the unamortized portion of the contributions relating to the purchase of property and equipment. The deferred contributions will be recognized as a reduction to depreciation expense on the same basis the property and equipment are depreciated.

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 28,433 \$	35,540
Additions during the year	124,677	-
Amounts deducted from depreciation	(18,154)	(7,107)
Balance, end of year	\$ 134,956 \$	28,433

8. Net assets

	Ur	restricted Fund	Operating ontingency Fund	N	Deferred laintenance Fund	Severance Contingency Fund	2022	2021
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	129,981	\$ 29,822	\$	29,822	\$ 29,822 \$	129,981 \$	120,662
Net (loss) income		(7,150)	-		-	_	(7,150)	9,319
Fund balance, end of year	\$	122,831	\$ 29,822	\$	29,822	\$ 29,822 \$	122,831 \$	129,981

9. Sale of goods

	2023	2022
Bar	\$ 39,476 \$	25,059
Vending	615	2,108
	40,091	27,167
Cost of goods sold	(27,251)	(10,846)
	\$ 12,840 \$	16,321

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

10. Risk management

Credit risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the arena to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The cash equivalents consist mainly of bank deposits and short-term investments. The arena has deposited the cash equivalents with reputable financial institutions, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. The arena has accounts receivable from clients engaged in various industries and are not concentrated in any specific geographic area. These specific industries may be affected by economic factors which may impact accounts receivable. Management does not believe that any single industry or geographic region represents significant credit risk. Credit risk concentration with respect to trade receivables is limited due to the arena's large client base.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet cash flow commitments associated with financial instruments. To manage this risk, the arena maintains a portion of its invested assets in liquid securities.

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk to the extent that its loans payable are at a floating rate of interest.